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CENTRAL INTELLIGENT NA LCY

REPORT NO.

INTELLOPAX 10

INFORMATION REPORT

CD NO.

25X1A

COUNTRY

USSR

DATE DISTR. 7 October 1949

SUBJECT

Airfield of Rynzan-Diagilevo

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE

**ACQUIRED** 

DATE OF INF

NO. OF ENCLS. 2

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X

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STATE

- 1. The RYAZAN (39°46°E/54°37'N) military airfield, about 3.5 miles northwest of the town and about 1 mile southwest of the railroad line to MOSCOW, was called the DIAGILEVO airfield after a nearby collective farm.
- 2. The large airfield had a 5,000 x 160-foot concrete runway; at the northern end of which two hangers were located (see Annex 1). The larger hangar had been built in 1948. Four large, multi-storied (probably four-story) brick barracks buildings, arranged in a square, were each about five hundred feet long. There was a spur track.
- 3. The following aircraft types were observed at the airfield between the fell of 1948 and May 1949:
  - 50 to 60 SB-2s: Twin-engine bombers with single rudder assembly.
  - b. A novel twin-engine aircraft type (Annex 2), seen since mid-April 1949: Long front compartment of fuselage; nose wheel; engines far projecting over leading edges of wings; wing tips and wing fillets considerably rounded. This aircraft, which was faster than the SB-2, resembled very much the German Do-217. Several planes of this type were observed in the air. \*

About ten twin-engine commercial aircraft generally used as passenger planes in the USSR. \*\* Document No

NAVY

IX AIR

CLASSIFICATION

Some U-2 This document is hereby regraded to DECLASSI CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the letter of 16 October 1978 from the lass. CHA Director of Central Intelligence to the Archivist of the United States. Next Review Date

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4. There was very intensive day and night flying, i.c.:

a. Since mid-April 1949: Paracouting from twin-engine commercial planes of which two or three were continuously in the air. Paracouting was done by 10-to 25-man groups; jumping simultaneously from a plane at an altitude of about 1,000 feet.

b. Continuous night flyin, with dB-2s. The field had night lamps and revolving scarchlights.

e. Johthneeus flight training with b-2s; towing of gliders.

- 5. According to the size of the barracks, the military occupation of the field was estimated at 2,500 days mostly air force soldiers were observed in the town of RYAZAN.
- 6. Practice flights with biplanes were observed at the civilian airfield located in the vicinity of the town.

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- o rossibly moston-Ills.
- \*\* Probably LL-2s.

a. These statements confirm provious reports on the MYAJAL sirfields. The western airfield is assumed to be occupied by a parachute unit or by a parachute school with assigned connercial units. It is not definite25×1X known whether or not a runnay is available. Another

that there was no runway at the field.

b. From previous reports, a parachate school for belinners is assumed to be stationed at the difficial south of RYALAN. This school is probably connected with the unit at the western sirficial. Jumpin, from both U-2s and balloons and practices with cargo liters were observed at the southern airfield.

2 innexes:

- l. Airfield of RYASAW-DIAGILLIVO.
- 2. Min-ingine aircraft Observed at the AYAdam-DIAGIDEVO military Airfield.

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